FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report on FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED (the company) for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

Information on Directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

James Thomas Andrew Hedges Liana Dubois Kate Hemphill Tahnee Schulz

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Company Details

The Company is incorporated under the Corporations ACT 2001 as a Company limited by guarantee.

The Company is an Income Tax Exempt Charity registered with the Australian Charities and Not-for profits Commission.

Operating Results

The profit of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$24,031.

Review of Operations

The Company is a not for profit organisation whose primary purpose is to provide grief education and management skills to children who have lost a parent, sibling or legal guardian. Throughout the year, the Company delivered a number of grief management programs and further developed initiatives to progress its primary purpose.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company during the financial year were Children and Youth Charity.

No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Events After the Reporting Date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Environmental Issues

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dividends paid or recommended

No dividends were paid or declared since the start of the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

Options

No options over issued shares or interests in the Company were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditors

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the Directors of the Company and all Officers of the Company against any liability incurred as a Director or Officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations ACT 2001

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify a Director or Officer against a liability incurred as a Director or Officer of the Company.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

The lead auditors' independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, for the year ended 30 June 2019 has been received and can be found on page 3.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director:

Director:

Andrew Hedges

Dated this day of 30 January 2020



FEEL THE MAGIC PTY LIMITED

ABN 36 164 874 266

Auditors Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

In accordance with Section 307C of the *Corporation Act 2001* I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of FEEL THE MAGIC PTY LIMITED for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 and the Australian Not for Profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ageis Accounting and Tax Pty Limited

STEPHEN JANKELOWITZ

Director

Dated in Sydney this 30th day of January 2020

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
Income			
Revenue	_	844,730	634,346
		844,730	634,346
Expenditure			
Advertising expenses		(2,457)	(464)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		(1,583)	(2,704)
Employee benefits expenses		(240,421)	(168,769)
Freight and cartage		(1,550)	(634)
Other expenses	_	(574,688)	(357,313)
		24,031	104,462
Profit for the year	3	24,031	104,462
Retained earnings at the beginning of the financial year	r	254,589	150,127
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	-	278,620	254,589

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Current Assets TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4 5	289,476 5,618 295,094	264,121
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, Plant and Equipment TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS	7	1,582 1,582 296,676	3,165 3,165 267,286
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and Other Payables TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES NET ASSETS	6 _ - -	18,046 18,046 18,046 278,630	12,687 12,687 12,687 254,599
EQUITY Members Funds Retained Earnings TOTAL EQUITY	8 9 	10 278,620 278,630	10 <u>254,589</u> 254,599

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note _	Retained earnings \$	Total
Balance at 1 July 2017 Profit attributable to equity shareholders		150,127 104,462	150,127 104,462
Balance at 30 June 2018	_	254,589	254,589
Balance at 1 July 2018 Profit attributable to equity shareholders Balance at 30 June 2019		254,589 24,031 278,620	254,589 24,031 278,620
Members Funds	8		10

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

		2019 \$	2018 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Net cash provided by operating activities	10	844,730 (819,375) 25,355	634,346 (539,487) 94,859
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for other assets Net cash used in investing activities			(4,755) - (4,755)
Net increase in cash held Cash at beginning of financial year Cash at end of financial year	4	25,355 264,121 289,476	90,104 174,017 264,121

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The financial report covers FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED as an individual entity. FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED is a not-for-profit Company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The functional and Presentation currency of FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

The Company is non reporting since there are unlikely to be any users who would rely on the general purpose financial statements.

The special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the significant accounting policies described below and do not comply with any Australian Accounting Standards unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected noncurrent assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the assets useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially using trade date accounting, i.e. on the date that Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

After initial recognition these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Any change in their value is recognised in profit or loss.

The Company's trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Significant receivables are considered for impairment on an individual asset basis when they are past due at the reporting date or when objective evidence is received that a specific counterparty will default.

The amount of the impairment is the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable.

In some circumstances, the Company renegotiates repayment terms with customers which may lead to changes in the timing of the payments, the Company does not necessarily consider the balance to be impaired, however assessment is made on a case-by-case basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period the Company determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where this indicator exists and regardless for goodwill, indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is recognised when the business is entitled to it.

Rendering of services

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depends on whether the outcome of the services can be measured reliably. If this is the case then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period. If the outcome cannot be reliably measured then revenue is recognised to the extent of expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Company is entitled to it.

Comparative Amounts

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

Where a change in comparatives has also affected the opening retained earnings previously presented in a comparative period, an opening statement of financial position at the earliest date of the comparative period has been presented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

***************************************		2019 \$	2018 \$
3	Profit for the year		
	The result for the year was derived after charging / (crediting) the following items:		
	Profit before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses:		
	Expenses Employee benefits expense: contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds		
		18,094	11,883
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,583	2,704
4	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Cash on Hand	40	
	NAB Business Account	10 289,466	10 264,111
	Reconciliation of cash	289,476	264,121
	Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the cash flow statement are reconciled to the equivalent items in the balance sheet as follows:		
	Cash on Hand		
	NAB Business Account	289,466 289,476	10 264,111
5	Other Assets	289,476	264,121
	Current		
	Accruals	5,618	
	·	5,618	
3	Trade and Other Payables		
	Current		
	Payroll Clearing Account	_	628
	Superannuation Payable	3,509	2,075
	PAYG Withholding Payable	14,537	9,984

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

		2019 \$	2018 \$
7	Property, Plant and Equipment		
	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Plant and Equipment:		
	At cost Accumulated depreciation	6,829	6,829
	Total Plant and Equipment	(5,247)	(3,664)
	and and additional	1,582	3,165
8	Members Funds		
	Members Guarantee	10	40
9	Retained Earnings	10	10
	Retained earnings at the beginning of the financial year		
	Net profit attributable to members of the Company	254,589	150,127
	Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	24,031	104,462
		278,620	254,589
10	Cash Flow Information		
	Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities.		
	Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
	Profit after income tax	24,031	104.400
	Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities	2-1,001	104,462
	Non-cash flows in profit		
	Depreciation	1,583	2,704
	Amortisation	,	160
	Changes in assets and liabilities		
	(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(5,618)	14 -
	Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	5,359	(12,467)
	-	25,355	94,859

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

2019 \$ 2018 \$

11 Statutory Information

The registered office of the Company is:

FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED

7 Holly Place PITT TOWN NSW 2756

The principal place of business is:

7 Holly Place PITT TOWN NSW 2756

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors have determined that the Company is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The directors of the Company declare that:

- The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 1 to 14, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) Comply with Accounting Standards as stated in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
 - (b) Give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting posicies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and made pursuant to DIV 60.15 of the Australian Charities and Not-for profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Director:

James Thomas

Director:

Andrew Hedges

Dated this day of 30 Townsony 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a special purpose financial report, of FEEL THE MAGIC LIMITED, (the registered entity) which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2019, and the income statement and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the company is in accordance with the Div 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits commission Act 2012 (ACNC Act), including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and Div 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the ACNC Act, the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter- Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the registered entity's financial reporting responsibilities under the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Level 12 167 Macquarie Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia



Responsibilities of Directors' for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and is appropriate to meet the needs of the members. The directors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

Level 12 167 Macquarie Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia





 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ageis Accounting and Tax Pty Limited

STEPHEN JANKELOWITZ

Director

Dated in Sydney this 30th January 2020

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
INCOME		
Donations		
Fundraising Events	459,316	260,898
Sundry Income	381,112	373,128
•	4,302	320
	844,730	634,346

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
EXPENSES		
Advertising		
Bank Charges	2,457	46
Children's & Volunteers Entertainment	3,784	2,71
Computer Software	2,158	1,57
Depreciation - Plant & Equipment	9,240	9,08
Depreciation - Office Furniture & Equipment	1,304	1,45
Formation Cost Write-Off	279	1,25
Freight, Cartage and Postage	~	16
Fundraising Costs	1,550	63
Grief Program Delivery - Camp Magic	157,155	120,95
Insurance	333,724	182,58
Legal Costs	4,452	4,38
Light & Power	-	3,966
Marketing & Communication	1,250	1,154
Meeting Expenses	29,735	4,194
Membership Fees	659	393
Office Expenses	11,489	11,064
Printing & Stationery	228	605
Registrations	2,314	702
Repairs & Maintenance	259	446
Salaries & Wages	1,298	684
Storage	222,327	156,885
Subscriptions	4,080	3,125
Superannuation Contributions - Employees	516	667
Telephone and Internet Expenses	18,094	11,883
Training	2,092	1,868
Travelling Expenses	835	3,404
Uniforms	712	803
Website Expenses	4,721	708
	3,987	2,075
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	820,699	529,884
TOTAL DAL MOONE TAX	24,031	104,462